



NASA Ames Research Center



Towards Autonomous Airport Surface Operations: NextGen Flight Deck Implications

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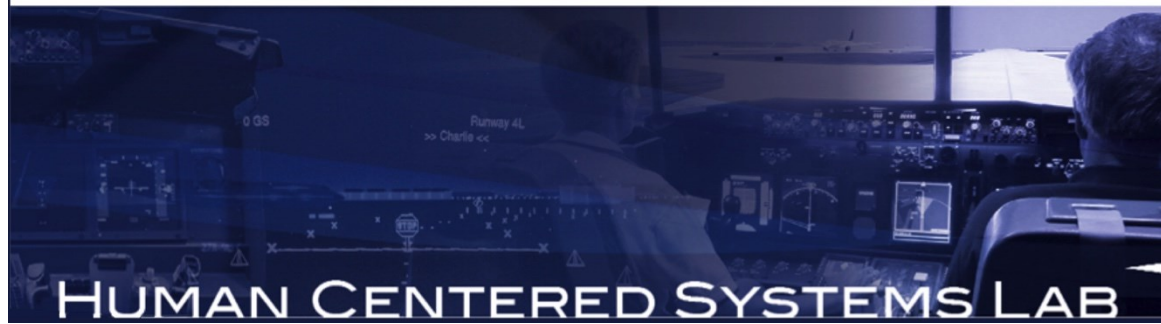
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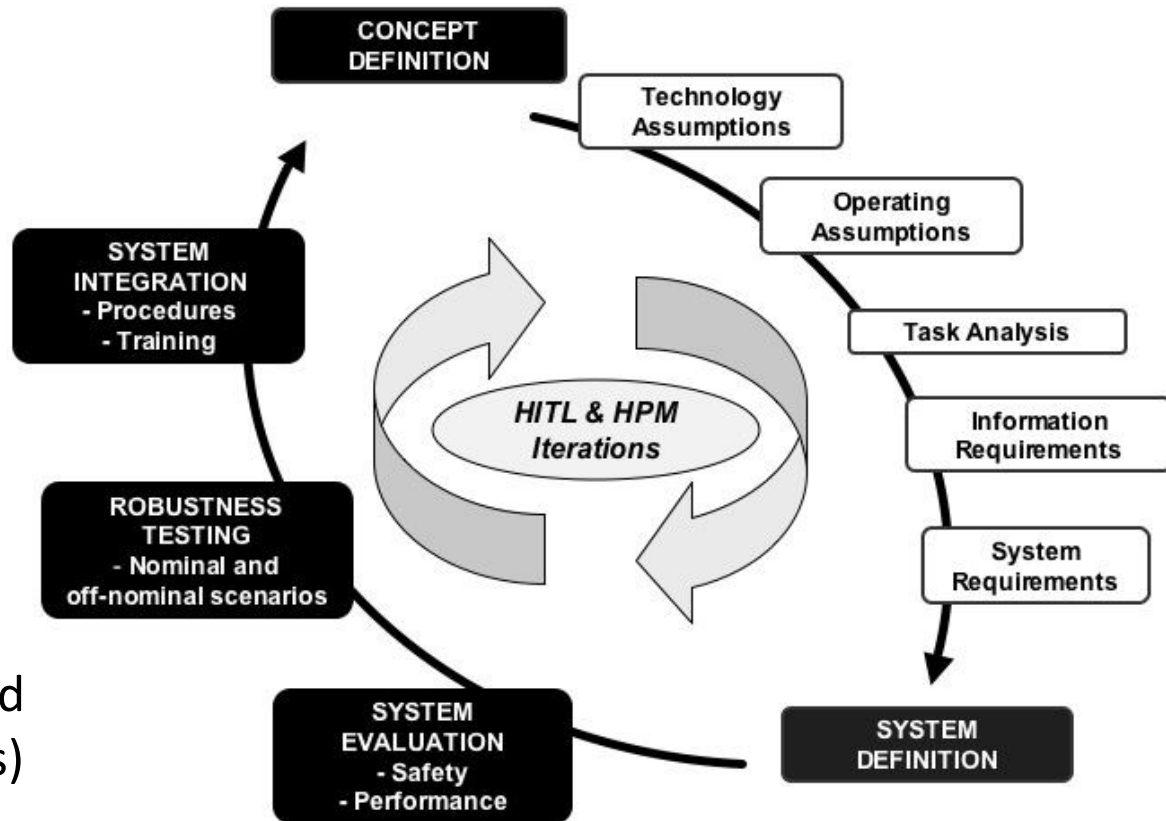
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Mission:

- Develop **principled and robust procedures** and **user interfaces** with appropriate **human-automation function allocation**
- Develop **safe and efficient systems** that minimize pilots' cognitive/visual **workload** and increase **situation awareness**



Research Focus Areas:

- Flight Deck Human Factors
- NextGen surface operations and departure concepts (25+ years)
- KCLT ATD-2 Integrated Arrival, Departure & Surface (IADS) demonstration project

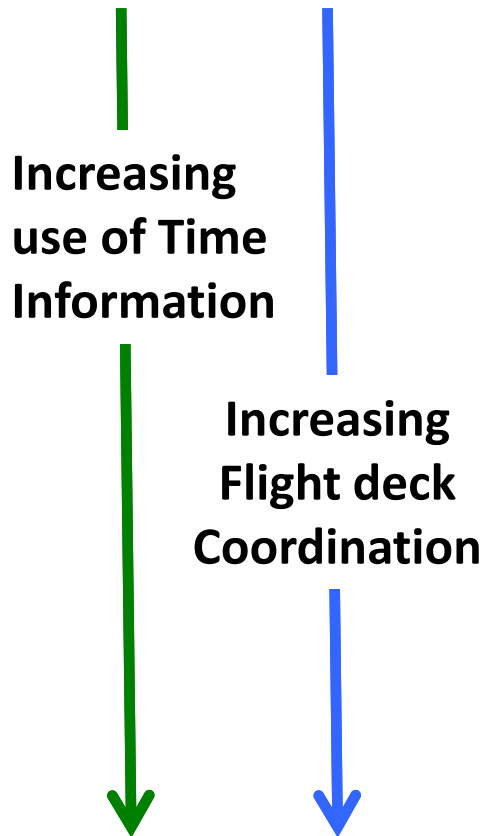
OVERVIEW

- Airport Surface Operations: Taxi-out/Departures and **Surface Trajectory-Based Operations** (STBO: taxi with time requirements)
- Continuum of Surface Operations:
Manual → Aided → Autonomy
- Current-day; near-term and far-term STBO
- Research on Pilot/Flight deck STBO
- 4DT STBO: A candidate for autonomous operations
 - Research Issues

OVERVIEW

Surface Trajectory-Based Operations (STBO)

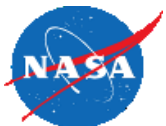
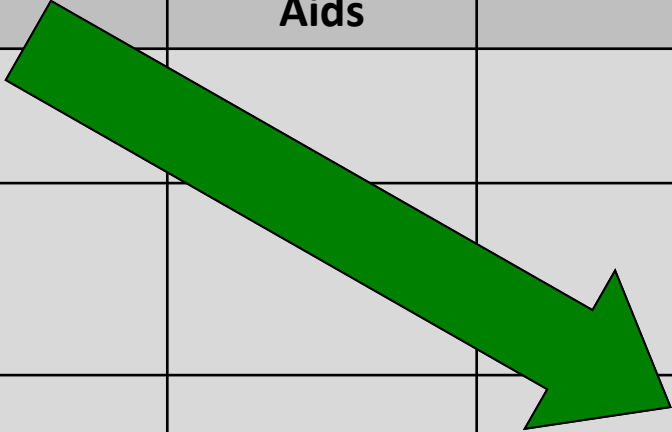
STBO = Adding time component to Surface Operations (taxi/departure)



- Current Day Surface Operations
- Current Day (EDCT – APREQ/CFR)
- Near-term (e.g., FAA STBO/NASA ATD2)
 - without flight deck component
- Future 4DT Surface Trajectory-based Operations (STBO) Vision (NASA/DLR)
 - with flight deck component

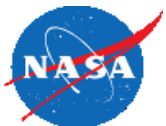
Continuum of Surface Operations Manual → Autonomy

		ATC / Surface Traffic Manager (STM)		
		Manual (Voice)	Manual (Voice) w/Decision Aids	Autonomous STM
Pilot(s) / Flight Deck				
	Manual A/C Control			
	Manual A/C Control w/Display Aids			
	Autonomous A/C Operations			



Continuum of Surface Operations Manual → Autonomy

		ATC / Surface Traffic Manager (STM)		
		Manual (Voice)	Manual (Voice) w/Decision Aids	Autonomous STM
Pilot(s) / Flight Deck				
	Manual A/C Control	Current Day		
	Manual A/C Control w/Display Aids			
	Autonomous A/C Operations			



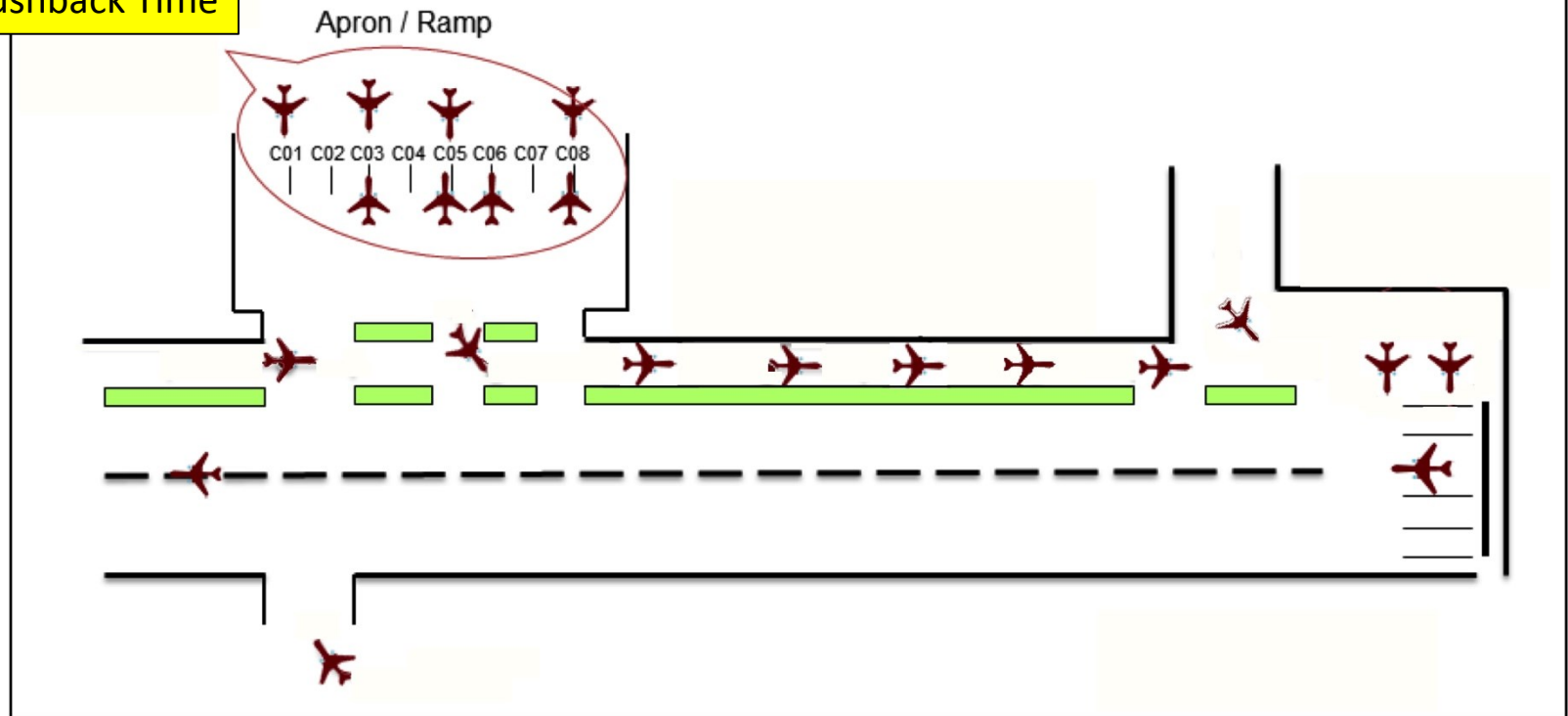
Current Day Surface Operations

Flight Deck:

1. Pushback Time

ATC:

1. Manage departure sequence



- Pilots manage pushback time to meet:
 - Scheduled departure/take-off time

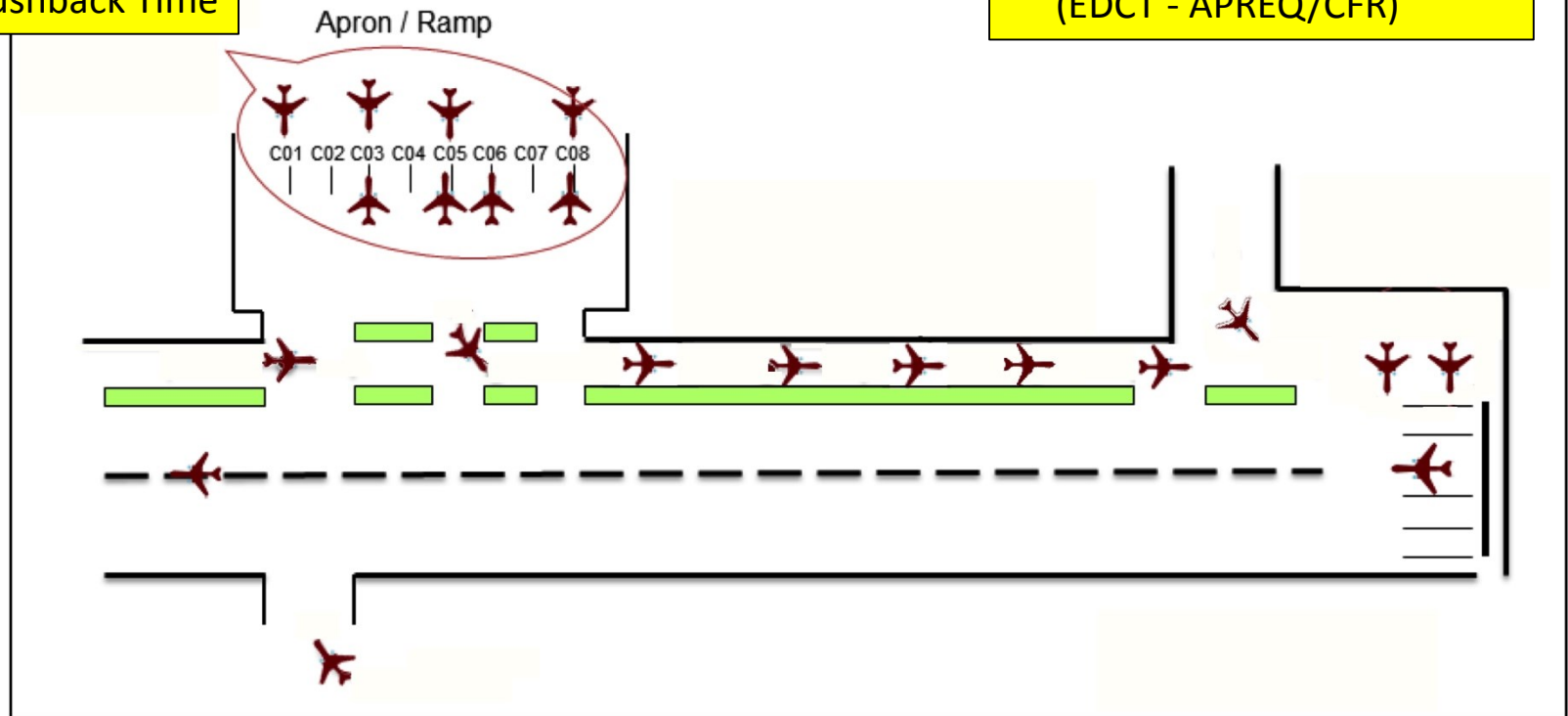
Current Day (EDCT – APREQ/CFR)

Flight Deck:

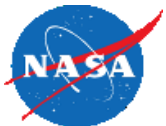
1. Pushback Time

ATC:

1. Manage “wheels-up” time (EDCT - APREQ/CFR)

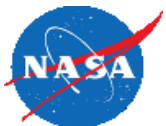


- Flight deck/pilots manage pushback time to meet:
 - “Wheels-up time”
- Flight deck/pilots have no information about:
 - Expected taxi time
 - Surface congestion
 - Departure queue size



Continuum of Surface Operations Manual → Autonomy

		ATC / Surface Traffic Manager (STM)		
		Manual (Voice)	Manual (Voice) w/Decision Aids	Autonomous STM
Pilot(s) / Flight Deck			FAA STBO / NASA ATD2	
	Manual A/C Control			
	Manual A/C Control w/Display Aids			
	Autonomous A/C Operations			



Near-term (e.g., FAA STBO/NASA ATD2)

- without flight deck component

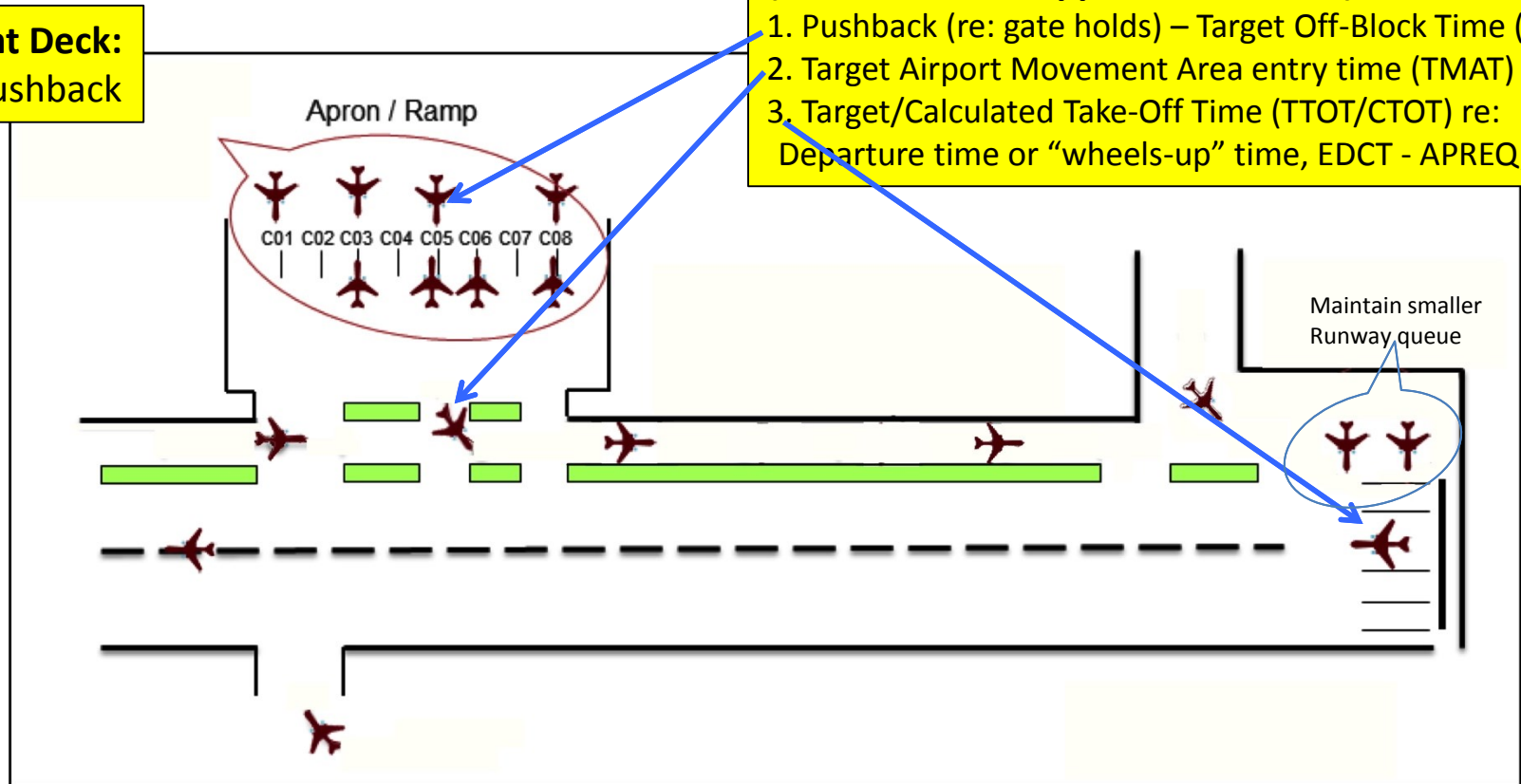
Flight Deck:

1. Pushback

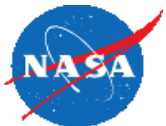
ATC/Ramp manages

(with Decision Support Tools, DSTs):

1. Pushback (re: gate holds) – Target Off-Block Time (TOBT)
2. Target Airport Movement Area entry time (TMAT)
3. Target/Calculated Take-Off Time (TTOT/CTOT) re: Departure time or “wheels-up” time, EDCT - APREQ/CFR)



- Pilots manage pushback time to meet:
 - “Wheels-up time” (at KCLT, about 10% of flights)
- Pilots have no information about:
 - Expected taxi time
 - Surface congestion
 - Departure queue size



Continuum of Surface Operations Manual → Autonomy

		ATC / Surface Traffic Manager (STM)		
		Manual (Voice)	Manual (Voice) w/Decision Aids	Autonomous STM
Pilot(s) / Flight Deck				
	Manual A/C Control			
	Manual A/C Control w/Display Aids		NASA Flight Deck / SARDA STM	NASA Flight Deck / DL STM
	Autonomous A/C			

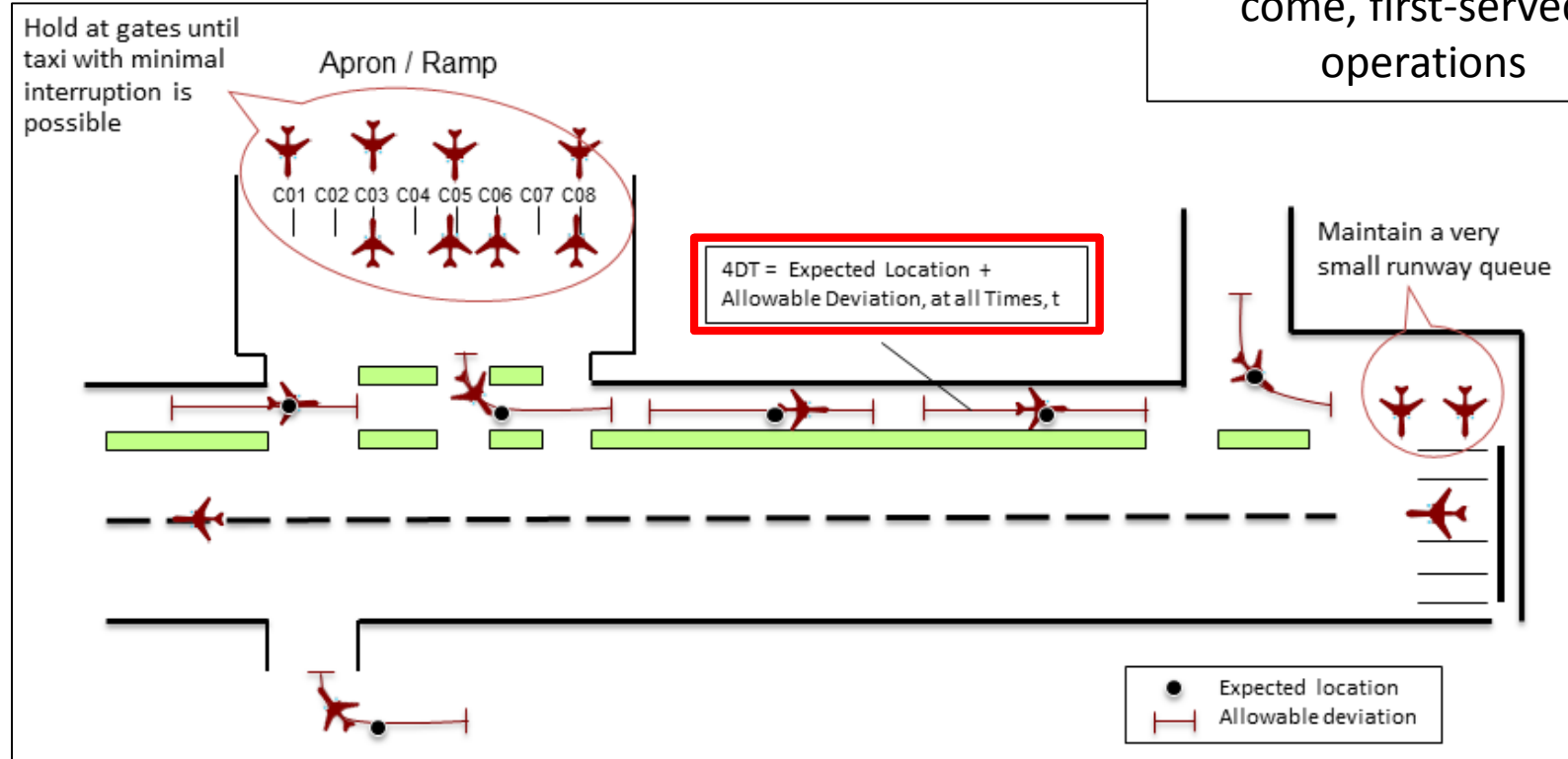
- Controller: Manual/voice ops, manual sequencing/scheduling aids, manual deconfliction
- Pilot: Controls manually, info/displays for 4DT STBO

- Controller: Auto-routing, auto-deconfliction, auto-sequencing/scheduling, position timing
- Pilot: Controls manually, info/displays for 4DT STBO



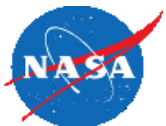
Future 4DT Surface Trajectory-based Operations (STBO) Vision (NASA/DLR) - with flight deck component

*Okuniak, Gerdes, Jakobi, Ludwig, Hooey, Foyle, Jung, & Zhu, AIAA/ATIO 2016
Conference, DLR/NASA Concept of Operations for Trajectory-based Taxi Operations*



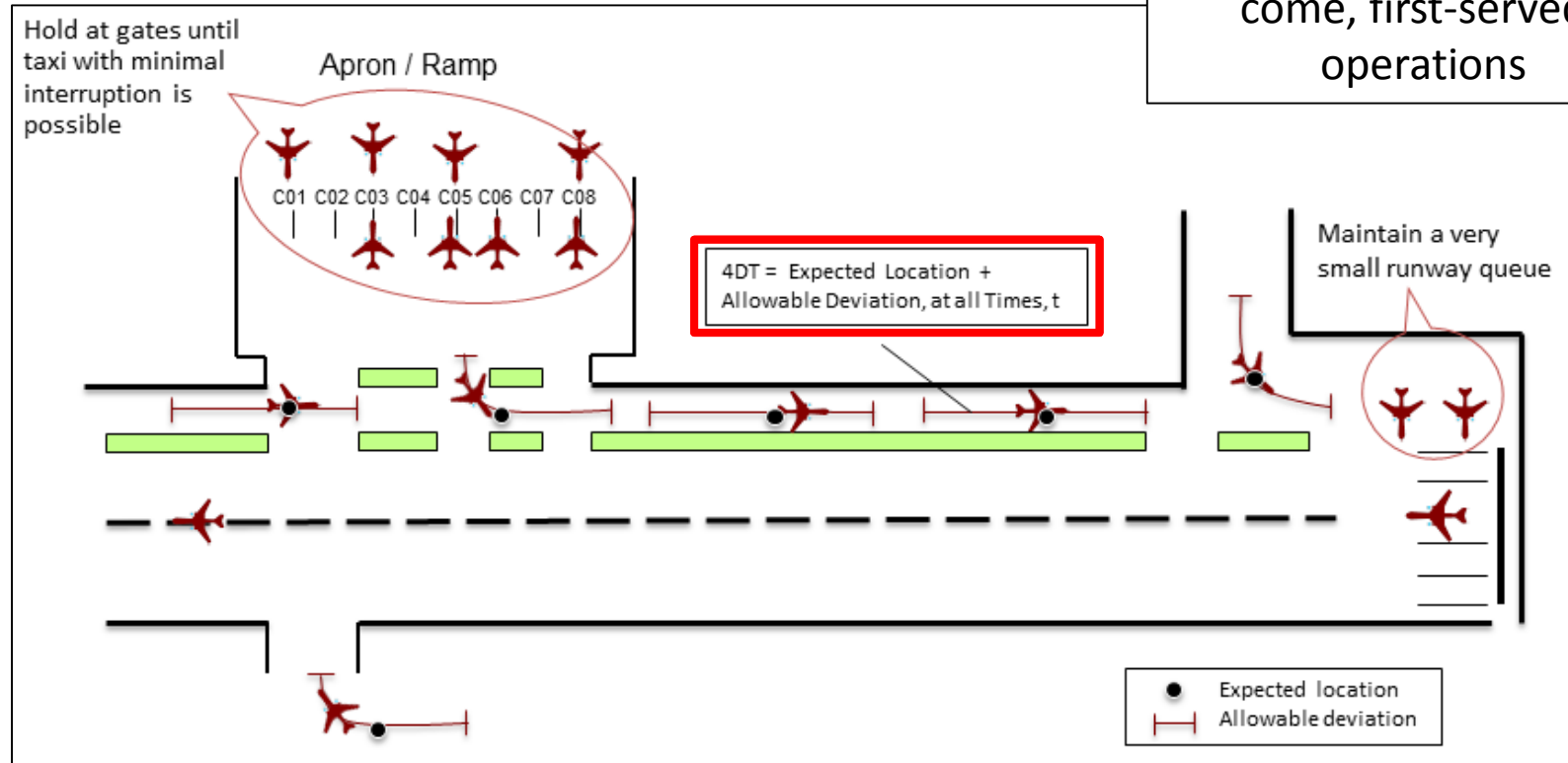
Transition from “first-come, first-served” operations

- Requirement to be at locations at specific time; defined (x_t, y_t) with certain tolerance
- DLR TRACC Surface Management System dynamically creates conflict-free routes
- Coordination between Flight Deck – ATC/Ramp re: location and times



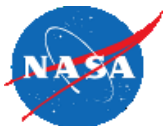
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Transition from “first-come, first-served” operations

- Enables dynamic surface flow re-planning
- Enables increasingly precise taxi routing plans for improved surface traffic flow efficiency
- Flight deck component allows for coordination with ATC re: schedule issues (e.g., maintenance, FMS, weights/balances, RWY changes, etc.)
- Extension of FAA/NASA STBO concept
- Would enable aircraft traffic to continue rolling through Active RWY Crossings, instead of stopping aircraft and requiring ATC to do “batch” crossings of arrivals
- Facilitate timed runway take-off window conformance (+/- 5 min EDCTs, -2/+1 min APREQ/CFRs)



4DT STBO: Taxi Clearances w/ Speed Commands: Taxi Time-based Conformance

Summary HITL sim data from: *Foyle, Hooey, Bakowski & Kunkle, Int'l Journal of Aviation Psychology, 2015*



"NASA 227, Taxi
to RWY 17L via
A, B, C at 14
kts"

Taxi Clearance	Required time of Arrival (RTA) Performance	Safety
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Non-specified acceleration/deceleration speed profile (n = 8 pilots)	Not able to achieve accurate RTAs	Slightly increased visual demand, as compared to baseline
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Specified acceleration/deceleration profile (1kt/sec)Speed-conformance bound (+/- 1.5 kts) (n = 18 pilots)	Good RTA performance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Increased workload and visual demand14/18 pilots rated "unsafe"

- Taxiing Captain cannot "tightly control/track" speed, navigate, and maintain separation.

ConOps Implications:

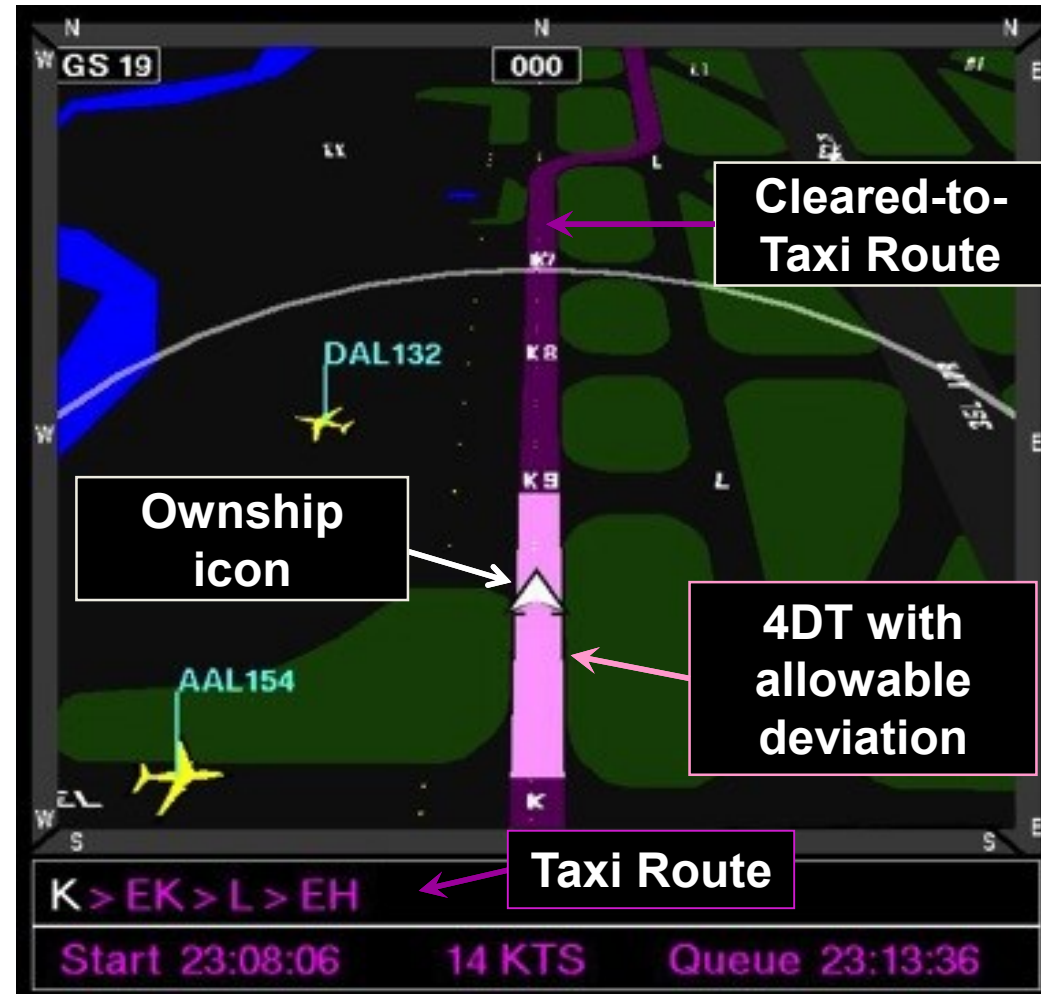
- Incorporating speed into the taxi clearance alone is not sufficient for the performance/safety balance
- There is a requirement for human-centered flight deck display algorithms

4DT STBO: Flight Deck Display Design/Philosophy

Bakowski, Hooey, Foyle, & Wolter, 2015, AHFE

Bakowski, Hooey, & Foyle, 2017

- **Status-at-a-glance** display to maximize 'eyes-out' time
- Enable **strategic use** – pilots do not need to track speed continuously (anywhere in pink band is 'in conformance')
- **Display expected position with tolerance** and allow pilots to use expertise to control aircraft (e.g., "human/pilot-centered")



4DT STBO: Flight Deck Display Design/Philosophy

HITL Simulation: Bakowski, Hooey, & Foyle, 2017

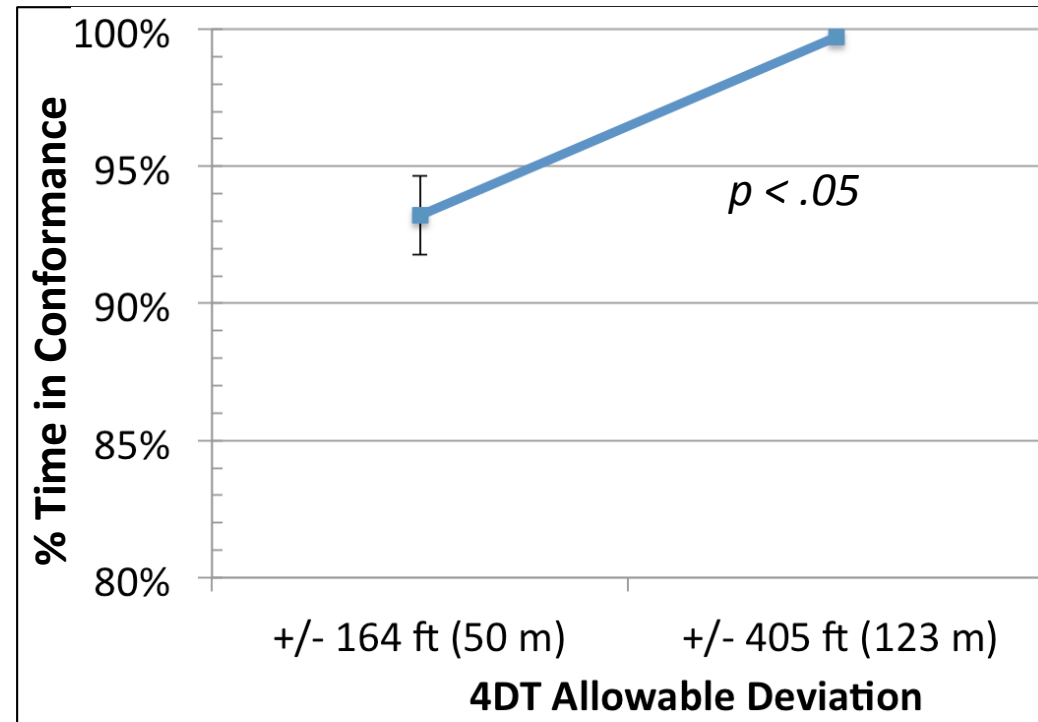
- Two allowable conformance deviation sizes were used:
+/- 164 ft and +/- 405 ft



4DT Surface Trajectory-Based Operations (STBO)

HITL Sim: *Bakowski, Hooey, & Foyle, 2017*
(Preliminary Analysis)

- Emulated DLR TRACC 4DT STM system
 - Taxi Routes for Aircraft: Creation and Controlling” Surface Management System
 - Creates conflict free routes/re-routes
 - Non-Conformance within 50 m (164 ft) of deviation from expected x, y position
 - Dynamic, multiple speed changes (up to 5) along taxi route
- Flight Deck/Pilot Manual Control: Steering (tiller/rudder), Navigation, speed (thrust/brakes), other flight deck tasks (checklists, callouts, 2nd engine start)
- Map Display with Route and Allowable Deviation
- Position/time (x_t , y_t) Conformance >90% but decrease with smaller allowable deviation (+/- 164 ft)
- “Eyes-in” time higher, but rated “safe” and “acceptable”



- “Eyes-in” time: 37% for +/- 164 ft
35% for +/- 405 ft
29%* for Speed Clearances & Map
19%* with Map

*HITL Sim: *Bakowski, Hooey, Foyle, & Wolter, AHFE, 2015*

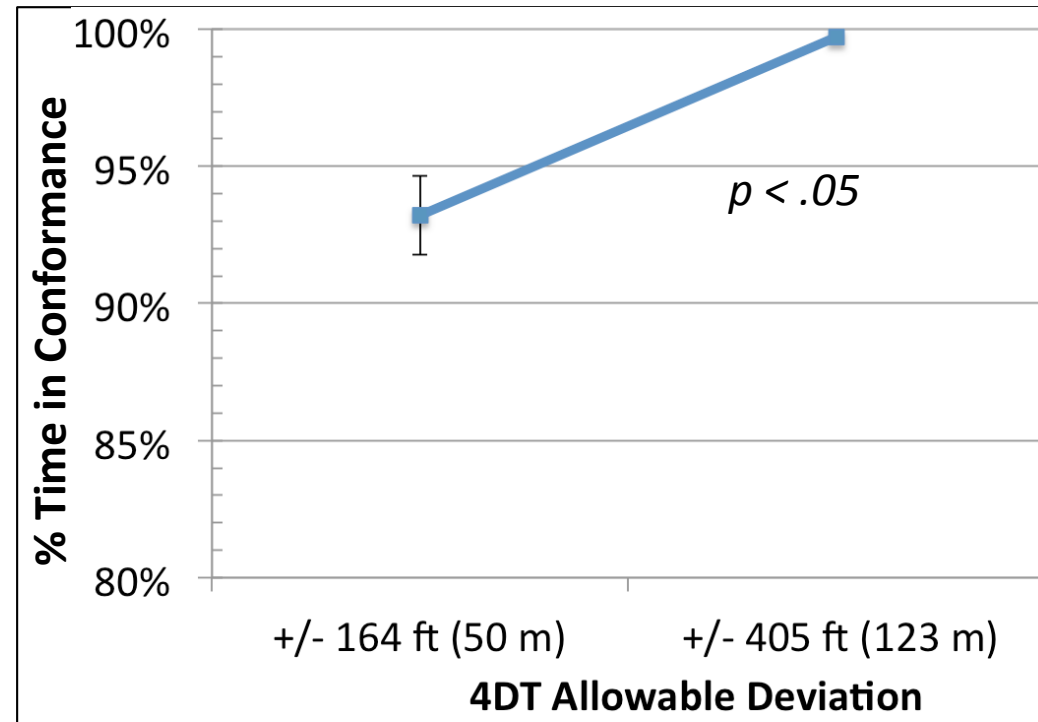
- Safety rating: 4.7 (out of 5) for +/- 164 ft
4.9 (out of 5) for +/- 405 ft
- Acceptability rating: 4.2 (out of 5) for +/- 164 ft
4.3 (out of 5) for +/- 405 ft

4DT Surface Trajectory-Based Operations (STBO)

HITL Sim: *Bakowski, Hooey, & Foyle, 2017*
(Preliminary Analysis)

Robustness:

- Flight deck interruptions, off-nominals, FMS/equipment problems, etc
- System/integration implications -- speed changes, dynamic updates
- Candidate for automation/autonomous aircraft control during taxi operations



- “Eyes-in” time: 37% for +/- 164 ft
35% for +/- 405 ft
29%* for Speed Clearances & Map
19%* with Map

*HITL Sim: *Bakowski, Hooey, Foyle, & Wolter, AHFE, 2015*

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Continuum of Surface Operations Manual → Autonomy

		ATC / Surface Traffic Manager (STM)		
		Manual (Voice)	Manual (Voice) w/Decision Aids	Autonomous STM
Pilot(s) / Flight Deck				
	Manual A/C Control			
	Manual A/C Control w/Display Aids			
	Autonomous A/C Operations	Future	Future	Future



Automation/Autonomy in 4DT Surface Trajectory-Based Operations (STBO)

TRACC: “Taxi Routes for Aircraft: Creation and Controlling” Surface Management System – Germany’s DLR

- Creates conflict free routes/re-routes
- Non-Conformance within 50 m (164 ft) of deviation from expected x, y position
- Dynamic, multiple speed changes (up to 5) along taxi route

Autonomous Surface Operations:

- Enables 4DT STBO efficiencies
- Distributed architecture (Airport/Tower/Aircraft)
- Surface traffic manager
 - 4DT STBO operations (i.e., times at AMA entry, taxi merge points, rolling runway crossings, runway departure queue)
 - Routing/re-routing
 - Traffic de-confliction
- Candidate Auto-taxi propulsion
 - Wheel-bots
 - Electric tugs
 - Auto-taxi aircraft

Automation/Autonomy in 4DT Surface Trajectory-Based Operations (STBO)

TRACC: “Taxi Routes for Aircraft: Creation and Controlling” Surface Management System – Germany’s DLR

- Creates conflict free routes/re-routes
- Non-Conformance within 50 m (164 ft) of deviation from expected x, y position
- Dynamic, multiple speed changes (up to 5) along taxi route

Autonomous Surface Operations:

Candidate initial architecture (NASA/DLR Concept):

- Ground/Tower: Surface Traffic Management
 - Issue STBO Clearances (Routes w/ times)
 - Re-routing for efficiency or non-conformance
 - Traffic deconfliction
- Aircraft:
 - Aircraft navigation
 - Aircraft movement (steering, speeds, turns)
 - Additional On-board Conflict Detection and Resolution (CD&R)

<i>Function</i>	ATC	Aircraft
Scheduling	X	
Routing	X	
Deconfliction	X	X
Execution		X

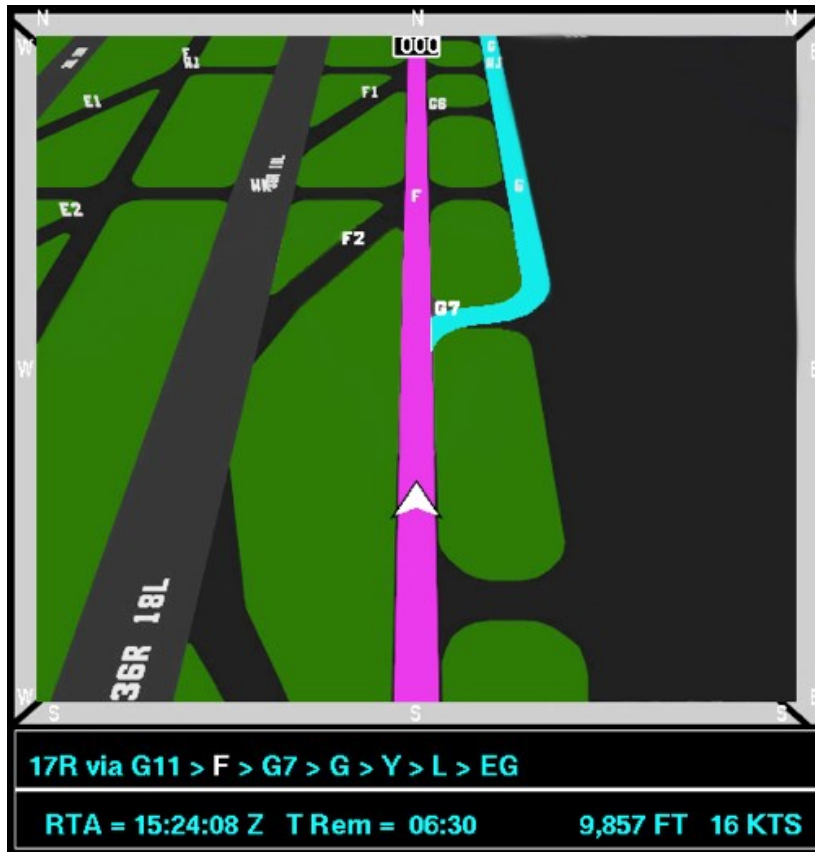
STBO with Autonomous flight deck component

Pilot(s) responsible for aircraft/crew & passenger safety

Enabling Pilots/Flight deck Situation Awareness
Need for “status-at-a-glance” awareness and intent displays

		ATC / Surface Traffic Manager		
		Manual	Manual /Aided	Autonomous
Pilot / Flight Deck	Manual	Current-day	FAA STBO /NASA ATD2	
	Manual /Aided		NASA / DLR	NASA / DLR
	Autonomous	Future	Future	Future

Need for “status-at-a-glance” awareness and intent displays



STBO with Autonomous flight deck component

Pilot(s) responsible for aircraft/crew & passenger safety

Enabling Pilots/Flight deck Situation Awareness and Flight Deck workflow/procedure integration

Research issues, re: Pilot roles:

- Taxi clearance (how to load? pilot approve if auto-load?)
- 4DT STBO – speed/time updates (approve? Auto-load?)
- Departing Runway (changes, FMS, weights, temps, etc)
- Runway crossings, “wheels-up” times
- Braking – hot brakes (take-off abort)
 - Airports are not flat; KCLT, DFW varies 50ft
 - 747-8 1 Million lbs fully loaded
- Monitoring:
 - Traffic (aircraft, pedestrian, vehicle) – Separation assurance
 - Ownship aircraft intent (stopping, turning, waiting to cross active runway)
- (Non) Conformance:
 - Mid-taxi stopping / abort – FMS, passengers, weights
 - For 4DT STBO – interactions re: dynamic STM system; # updates
- Pilot Intervention? Revert to manual or abort taxi, or unable to make time b/c of flight deck, equipment, passenger, baggage, etc. issues





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Additional Slides

4DT Flight-Deck Display

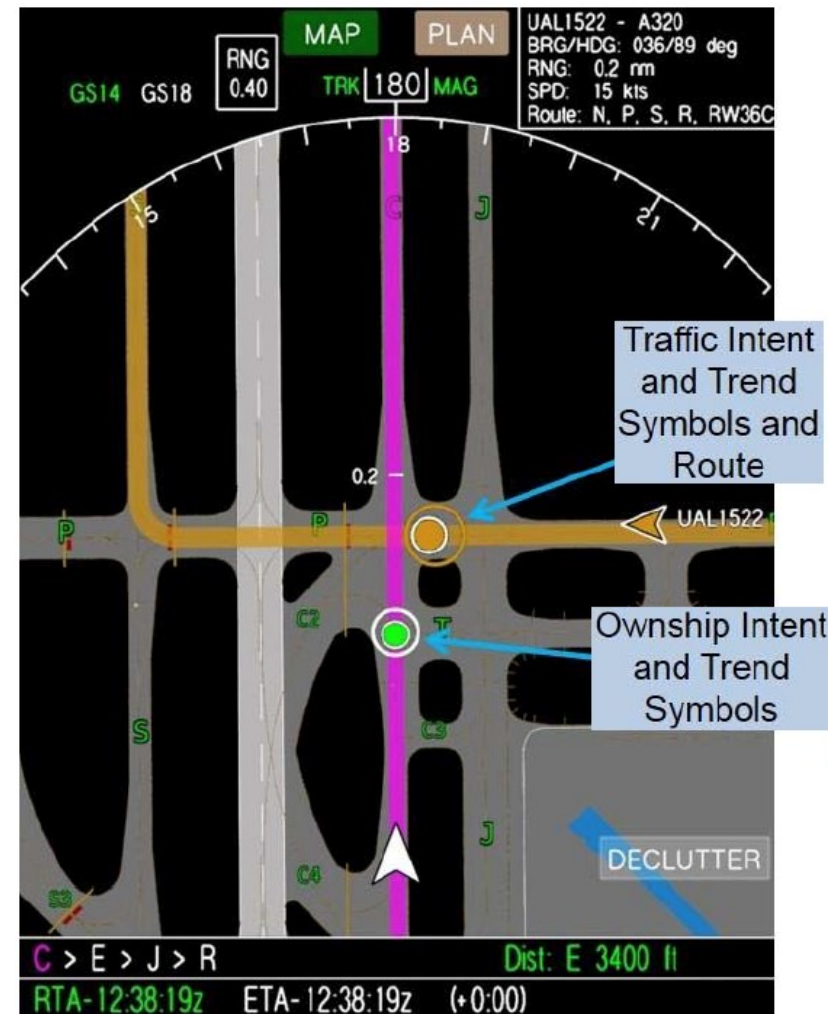


Cleared-to-Taxi Route

4DT with allowable deviation

Ownship

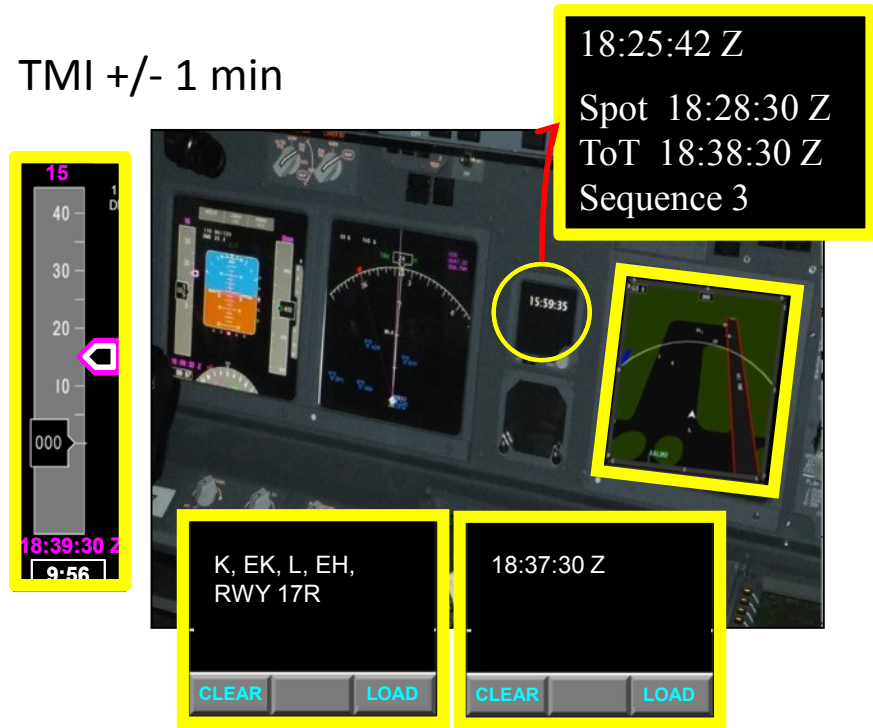
Taxi Route



STBO with flight deck component and Information Sharing Displays

Enables better flight deck workflow prior to departure

TMI +/- 1 min



“For NextGen time-based operations, how useful were the following pieces of information in supporting time-based taxi (your ability to meet your takeoff time?)”

Response frequency (n=10)
of usefulness ratings

Information Source	Response frequency (n=10) of usefulness ratings				
	Not at all 1	2	Border-line 3	4	Very much 5
Assigned Pushback time	-	-	1	4	5
Spot-release time	1	-	1	5	3
Takeoff Time	-	-	-	7	3
Departure Sequence	-	2	-	2	6
Speed Advisory on PFD	-	1	4	2	3
Time Remaining to Takeoff Time	-	-	4	4	2



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